AMP Investment Trust 25 October 2018



Risks

This document provides a general overview of how risks affect your investment and detail on the types of risks associated with investing. The risks described in this document include the key investment risks and other risks that may impact any of the funds in the AMP Investment Trust (AIT or Scheme).

The risks described in this document should be read in conjunction with the specific risks set out in the Product Disclosure Statements (PDSs) for the Scheme.



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Risks and your investment

There are risks associated with investing. The risks that are associated with an investment could affect your level of return or ability to recover the total amount of your investment.

It is important to realise that no-one can predict every event that may affect investments. The underlying assets of the Funds will rise and fall in value, and returns may be negative from time to time. Market volatility may affect the investment performance of some of the Scheme Funds. Returns are not guaranteed and you may get more or less than the total amount invested when you make a full withdrawal from the Scheme.

The following pages summarise the risks applying to the Scheme that could impact the level of return from your investment or the ability to recover the full amount of your investment in the Scheme.

The information below doesn't cover everything, but they do cover the risks we believe to be most important. It is recommended that you seek advice from a financial adviser for further information.

How these risks relate to those covered by the PDSs

The risks described in each PDS are broken into:

- general investment risks that may cause a Fund's risk indicator to move up and down; and
- other specific risks that we are aware of in relation to the Scheme or the Funds offered in the PDS that may arise which increase the risk to investors' returns, other than circumstances that are already reflected in the risk indicator.

This document provides more detail on these risks, and outlines some of the other general investment risks that may apply.

General investment risks

Investment risk is the risk of negative or lower than expected returns from the Scheme Funds. It is also possible the returns for a particular Fund will be insufficient to meet its expenses.

Returns and risks vary, depending on the type of asset invested in. This is because assets perform differently through market cycles and every asset type carries a different type of risk. Generally, the level of risk is related to the potential return from the investment. Lower risk investments, such as cash and fixed interest (known as 'income assets'), typically provide more consistent yet lower returns. Higher risk investments, such as property and equities (known as 'growth assets'), have the potential to fluctuate significantly in value with a greater possibility of a negative return. Generally, a fund with a higher allocation to growth assets has the potential for higher returns over the long term than a fund with a higher allocation to income assets.

The main risk of receiving less than you invested, or a lower return than expected, from the Fund or Funds chosen is adverse market performance. The prices and values of securities held by a Fund within the Scheme will fluctuate as a result of changes in market conditions. For example, if you're invested in a Fund that holds New Zealand equities, and the equity market falls in New Zealand, then the value of your investment may fall (depending on how the other types of investments in that Fund have performed). Underlying assets held by the Funds will rise and fall in value and returns will, with exceptions, from time to time be negative. Depending on the length of time that you have invested and market movements, it is possible that you may receive less than your initial investment on withdrawal.

As set out in section 4 of each PDS, there are different types of risk that contribute to investment risk. The examples that follow are believed to be the investment risks that apply to the Scheme.

Risk	Description of the risk
	As mentioned in the PDSs and above, each investment sector has risks that are typical of that sector. We manage this risk in the single sector funds by investing across different investments within that asset class and for the diversified funds we manage this risk by investing across different asset classes as well as investing across different investments within each asset class. We regularly monitor and review the investment performance and investment options. We also utilise investment research and other tools to provide recommendations on underlying fund managers, where applicable.
	The detail below outlines the key risks of each investment sector:
	Cash
	The main risk with cash is that inflation will erode value. Where cash assets included in a Fund are placed on bank deposit, there is also a small risk of the bank defaulting, meaning that some or all of the cash may be lost. Funds with greater exposure to cash assets will be more affected by this risk.
Accetallocation rick	Fixed interest
Asset allocation risk	For any particular fixed interest security, changes to interest rates in the market affect its value and there is a risk of the borrower not making the interest payments and/or not repaying the loan. Funds with greater exposure to fixed interest assets will be more affected by this risk.
	Property
	There is the possibility of financial loss occurring as the result of owning any real estate investment. The value of property investments may be affected by demand, location and quality of the property, market conditions, opinion and the market for property investments. Funds with greater exposure to real property assets will be more affected by this risk.
	Equities
	The value of an individual share is influenced by many factors, including the performance of the relevant company, market opinion and the economic performance of the country or sector. Funds with greater exposure to shares will be more affected by this risk.
Market risk	Market risk is the risk that the Funds' investment return will fluctuate as a result of changes in market conditions. These conditions include but are not limited to economic and regulatory conditions, political events, environmental and technological issues.
Currency risk	Currency risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in foreign exchange rates. Investments denominated in foreign currencies will fall if the New Zealand Dollar strengthens against those currencies, all else being equal. The Funds have no direct investments subject to currency risk although some of their underlying investments may be subject to this risk.
Interest rate risk	Interest rate risk is the risk that the Funds' investment return will fluctuate as a result of changes in interest rates. The Funds' exposure to interest rate risk primarily arises from investments in interest-bearing instruments such as cash and bonds.
Credit risk	Credit risk is the risk that a borrower may default on their financial obligations or be otherwise unable to meet their financial obligations, either in whole or in part under a contract. The impact of this will be a reduction in the level of returns or the full amount of the investment not being recovered.
Liquidity risk	Liquidity risk is the risk that the Funds will experience difficulty in realising assets, having to liquidate assets at a time of duress which means a sub-optimal price is realised, or otherwise experiencing difficulty raising sufficient funds to satisfy financial obligations. Low liquidity means it may not be possible to sell assets at the desired time at fair value. This will impact the Funds' ability to make payments as required, such as paying benefits.
Counterparty risk	Counterparty risk is the risk that a party to a financial contract (including an investment contract) defaults or is otherwise unable to fulfil their obligations. If this occurs, the full amount of the investment may not be recovered. AMP Capital Investors (New Zealand) Limited (AMP Capital) analyse counterparty creditworthiness by undergoing a due diligence process when selecting counterparties to transact with.

Other general risks

The value of your investment, and your ability to withdraw, may also be affected by some or all of the following risks. The table below sets out the other risks that may affect any of the Funds:

Risk	Description	Impact of the risk	How do we mitigate or manage these risks?
Operational risk	The risk of a technological, process, or other failure affecting the Scheme's operations or the financial markets in general.		framework that encompasses a
Regulatory risk	The risk that the Scheme is affected by future changes to tax, financial markets, or other legislation (whether in New Zealand or overseas).		We actively monitor new developments to the regulatory environment. Furthermore, we regularly liaise with other market participants and the regulators to gauge market sentiment for change.
Risk of losing PIE tax status		Scheme could impact the returns to the investor.	We have implemented processes to monitor ongoing PIE eligibility compliance within each Fund, and proactively manage this risk.
Risk of restrictions of withdrawals, transfers or switches	There is a risk that we may give notice to defer withdrawals, or switches between Funds if we determine that it is not practicable, or would be materially prejudicial to the interest of investors generally for us to give effect to withdrawals in respect of the relevant Fund or Funds.	Any such suspension or deferral will restrict your ability to withdraw or switch between Funds.	We actively monitor the underlying funds into which the Scheme Funds invest in so that we are aware of any changes.
Insolvency risk	The risk that the Scheme or a Fund becomes insolvent and is placed into receivership, liquidation or statutory management, making it unable to meet its financial obligations.	If the Scheme becomes insolvent then you may not recover the full amount of your investment in the Scheme. However, you won't incur any liability to any person, other than for expenses, fees or taxes payable before the insolvency.	We mitigate this risk by ensuring that The Funds in the Scheme primarily invest in liquid assets.
Scheme liquidity risk	The risk that the Scheme cannot meet payments on time. This risk arises where there is a mismatch between the maturity profile of investments and the amounts required to meet withdrawal requests.	Such liquidity risk would restrict your ability to withdraw or switch between Funds.	We mitigate this risk by ensuring that the Funds in the Scheme primarily invest in liquid assets. The asset holdings of the Funds are generally invested across different asset classes and/or different investments within an asset class.
Borrowing risk	The risk that where borrowing has occurred in relation to a Fund, the lender would have the right to demand payment from that Fund at short notice.	is subject to certain conditions in the	

Other specific risks - All funds

The information in this section forms part of each PDS for the Scheme. It describes the other specific risks that we are aware of in relation to the Scheme that exist or that may arise which increase the risk to investors' returns, other than circumstances that are already reflected in the risk indicator, or that are disclosed in the relevant PDS.

Risk	Description	Impact of the risk	How do we mitigate or manage these risks?
		Ind manager of a Fund may ment fund without notice, or ice, and this may result in eing held in cash, pending the nd manager may close its ind to new applications, vestments also being held in to suspend or defer withdrawal requests in certain circumstances) will have an impact on your ability to withdraw, transfer to another KiwiSaver scheme or switch between Funds.	AMP monitors and reviews the investment performance, compliance and contractual arrangement of AMP Capital quarterly.
Fund of funds risk			When selecting an underlying fund manager, AMP undergoes a due diligence and approval process. We also utilise investment research and other tools to provide recommendations on underlying fund managers, where applicable.
Service provider risk	The risk that if any of the parties involved in the operation of the Scheme (including The New Zealand Guardian Trust Company Limited (Supervisor), AMP, AMP Services (NZ) Limited (AMP Services) and underlying administration or fund managers) fail to perform their obligations, it could adversely affect investors of the Scheme. AMP Services is and AMP Capital currently is, a related party of ours*.	AMP Services or AMP Capital could have an adverse effect on the Scheme and your ability to make a withdrawal. In addition, as AMP Services is, and AMP Capital currently is, a related company of AMP, any	AMP actively monitors and reviews the performance of those that are involved in providing the product (including related entities) to ensure compliance with contractual arrangements.

*In October 2018, AMP Group publicly announced its intention to seek to divest its New Zealand wealth management and advice businesses, which includes the Manager, through an initial public offering (IPO) to be completed in 2019. This does not include AMP Capital Investors (New Zealand) Limited (AMP Capital) which operates independently in New Zealand. Any IPO would be subject to market conditions and receipt of regulatory approvals. Existing arrangements with AMP Capital are intended to continue for the immediate future. AMP Group has also agreed to sell its Australian and New Zealand wealth protection and mature businesses (life insurance business) to Resolution Life Australia Pty Ltd, subject to regulatory approvals, with expected completion in the second half of 2019.

Other specific risks - Single sector funds

The information in this section forms part of each of the AIT – closed to new investors and AIT – open to new investment and investors PDSs for the Scheme. It describes another specific risk that we are aware of in relation to the Funds offered in those PDSs that exists or that may arise which increase the risk to investors' returns, other than circumstances that are already reflected in the risk indicator, are disclosed in the relevant PDS, or are set out above.

Risk	Description	Impact of the risk	How do we mitigate or manage these risks?
Concentration risk	Where a Fund invests in a single asset class an investor may be exposed to concentration risk if they are only invested in that Fund. At any given point, market conditions that cause one asset class to do well may cause another asset class to do badly.	diversification where the market conditions that cause one asset class to do well may cause another asset	funds within AIT. Therefore investors can reduce their exposure to

Glossary

AMP, we, our, us and the Manager means AMP Wealth Management New Zealand Limited, the manager of the AMP Investment Trust.

AMP Capital means AMP Capital Investors (New Zealand) Limited, the underlying fund manager of each Fund and currently a related party of AMP.

AMP Services means AMP Services (NZ) Limited, the administration manager of the Scheme and a related party of AMP.

Current or **currently** means that legislation, policy or a practice is current as at the date of this document but may change at any time without notice.

Fund means an investment fund established in the AMP Investment Trust.

PDSs means the Product Disclosure Statements for the AMP Investment Trust. There are currently three PDSs.

PIE means a Portfolio Investment Entity as defined in the Income Tax Act 2007.

PIR means Prescribed Investor Rate.

Scheme or AIT means the AMP Investment Trust.

Single sector funds means funds that provide exposure to a single asset class or limited range of assets providing differing asset exposures.

SIPO means the statement of investment policy and objectives for the Scheme.

Supervisor means The New Zealand Guardian Trust Company Limited, the supervisor of the Scheme.

You, your or investor means the person who has invested in a fund either directly, or for the elnvest Funds via the Portfolio Service (i.e. the beneficial owner of the units).

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Want to know more?

For more information about the AMP Investment Trust, please see the AMP Investment Trust's current Product Disclosure Statements at **amp.co.nz/ampinvestmenttrust** or talk to your Adviser or contact us on 0800 267 111.

Your Adviser's disclosure statement is available from your Adviser on request and free of charge.